WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

2025 REGULAR SESSION

Committee Substitute

for

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for

House Bill 2777

By Delegates Crouse, Burkhammer, White, Petitto,

Lucas, Hornby, D. Cannon, and McGeehan

[Introduced February 21, 2025; referred to the

Committee on Education]

A BILL to amend and reenact §18-8-1 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating to
 compulsory school attendance; removing requirements to submit certain evidence on
 behalf of home-schooled children; establishing a school choice portal; and providing for
 exemptions.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

ARTICLE8.COMPULSORYSCHOOLATTENDANCE.§18-8-1. Compulsory school attendance; exemptions.

(a) Exemption from the requirements of compulsory public school attendance established
in §18-8-1a of this code shall be made on behalf of any child for the causes or conditions set forth
in this section. Each cause or condition set forth in this section is subject to confirmation by the
attendance authority of the county <u>or state</u>. A child who is exempt from compulsory school
attendance under this section is not subject to prosecution under §18-8-2 of this code, nor is such
a child a status offender as defined by §49-1-202 of this code.

7 (b) A child is exempt from the compulsory school attendance requirement set forth in §18-8 8-1a of this code if the requirements of this subsection, relating to instruction in a private, 9 parochial, or other approved school, are met. The instruction shall be in a school approved by the 10 county board and for a time equal to the instructional term set forth in §18-5-45 of this code. In all 11 private, parochial, or other schools approved pursuant to this subsection, it is the duty of the 12 principal or other person in control, upon the request of the county superintendent, to furnish to the 13 county board such information and records as may be required with respect to attendance, 14 instruction, and progress of students enrolled.

(c) A child is exempt from the compulsory school attendance requirement set forth in §188-1a of this code if the requirements of either subdivision (1) or subdivision (2) of this subsection,
both relating to home instruction, are met.

(1) The instruction shall be in the home of the child or children or at some other place
approved by the county board and for a time equal to the instructional term set forth in §18-5-45 of

20 this code. If the request for home instruction is denied by the county or state board, good and 21 reasonable justification for the denial shall be furnished in writing to the applicant by the county or 22 state board. The instruction shall be conducted by a person or persons who, in the judgment of the 23 county or state superintendent and county or state board, are qualified to give instruction in 24 subjects required to be taught in public elementary schools in the state. The person or persons 25 providing the instruction, upon request of the county or state superintendent, shall furnish to the 26 county or state board information and records as may be required periodically with respect to 27 attendance, instruction, and progress of students receiving the instruction. The state board shall 28 develop guidelines for the home schooling of special education students including alternative 29 assessment measures to assure that satisfactory academic progress is achieved. : Provided, That 30 the county or state board may not approve a request for home instruction under this section until it 31 shall have reviewed any pending child abuse or neglect investigation under §49-2-801 et seg. 32 against a custodial parent or person providing home instruction. The county or state board shall 33 have 10 days to determine whether approval for home instruction is warranted if such an investigation is active. A county or state board may grant provisional approval for home instruction 34 35 for any child who is withdrawing from a school pending review of the investigation if the 36 circumstances, in the discretion of the county or state board, warrant provisional approval. An 37 active investigation under this section is one that was initiated prior to and not as a result of a 38 parent seeking approval to homeschool.

39 (2) The child meets the requirements set forth in this subdivision: *Provided*, That the county 40 <u>or state</u> superintendent may, after a showing of probable cause, seek from the circuit court of the 41 county an order denying home instruction of the child. The order may be granted upon a showing 42 of clear and convincing evidence that the child will suffer neglect in his or her education or that 43 there are other compelling reasons to deny home instruction.

(A) Upon commencing home instruction under this section the parent of a child receiving
 home instruction shall present to the county state superintendent or county state board a notice of

46 intent to provide home instruction that includes the name, address, and age of any child of 47 compulsory school age to be instructed and assurance that the child shall receive instruction in 48 reading, language, mathematics, science, and social studies, and that the child shall be assessed 49 annually in accordance with this subdivision. The person providing home instruction shall notify 50 the county state superintendent upon termination of home instruction for a child who is of 51 compulsory attendance age. Upon establishing residence in a new county, the person providing 52 home instruction shall notify the previous county state superintendent and submit a new notice of 53 intent to the superintendent of the new county of residence: Provided. That if a child is enrolled in a 54 public school, notice of intent to provide home instruction shall be given on or before the date 55 home instruction is to begin.

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(B) All required paperwork or forms may be submitted in one of the following ways:

57 <u>(i) In Person</u>

58 (ii) Email: By August 1, 2025 The State Board of Education shall implement a school
 59 choice email address that all parents may use to submit required paperwork.

60 (iii) Mail: The State Board of Education must accept required paperwork by mail from those

61 <u>unable or unwilling to utilize the School Choice Portal or Email address.</u>

62 (iv) A School Choice Portal: By August 1, 2025, the State Board of Education shall deploy

63 an internet-based reporting portal, which shall be called the "School Choice Portal." This portal

64 shall be maintained as an option for those required to file a notice of intent, notice of termination,

65 and any additional paperwork required by law.

66 (C) The School Choice Portal must meet the following minimum requirements:

67 (i) It shall be secure, have role-based user access, and provide information privacy;

- 68 (ii) It shall be designed and tested prior to deployment;
- 69 (iii) It shall be deployed and operational for use by the 2025–2026 school year;

70 (iv) It shall provide a way for families that choose not to publicly school their children to:

71 (v) Identify children that will participate in a school choice option through a Notice of Intent

72 (vi) Submit and archive all required reports: Provided, That the Board may request, but not require, parents to provide any information that they are not legally required to provide: Provided 73 74 *further*, That information the Board requests that is not legally required shall be clearly labeled 75 "optional" or "not required"; 76 (vii) It shall include "dashboards" for both family and school board use; 77 (viii) It shall have an acknowledgement capability for families and school boards to be 78 notified that their submissions have been received, and as appropriate, acted upon. This 79 information shall be easily found on the user's dashboard, and it shall permit users to opt into push 80 notifications to users to alert them of actions they need to take. (ix) It shall be designed in a manner that fulfills the needs of all 55 counties with a single, 81 82 common solution. 83 (x) In developing the School Choice Portal, the Board shall include and consult with key 84 stakeholders, including, at a minimum, at least one representative each from the Board, the 85 homeschool community, Microschools, and Hope Scholarship. The implementation and continued 86 use shall be overseen by LOCEA and/or the Joint Committee on Education. (xi) The State Board shall report back to the county where the Board has the child listed in 87 88 the School Choice Portal. 89 (B) The person or persons providing home instruction shall submit satisfactory evidence of 90 a high school diploma or equivalent, or a post-secondary degree or certificate from a regionally 91 accredited institution, or from an institution of higher education that has been authorized to confer 92 a post-secondary degree or certificate in West Virginia by the West Virginia Council for Community 93 and Technical College Education or by the West Virginia Higher Education Policy Commission 94 (C) (D) Annually, the person or persons providing home instruction shall obtain an 95 academic assessment of the child for the previous school year in one of the following ways: 96 (i) The child receiving home instruction takes a nationally normed standardized 97 achievement test published or normed not more than 10 years from the date of administration and

98 administered under the conditions as set forth by the published instructions of the selected test 99 and by a person qualified in accordance with the test's published guidelines. in the subjects of 100 reading, language, mathematics, science, and social studies The child is considered to have 101 made acceptable progress when the mean of the child's test results in the required subject areas 102 for any single year is within or above the fourth stanine or, if below the fourth stanine, shows 103 improvement from the previous year's results;

(ii) The child participates in the testing program currently in use in the state's public
 schools. The test shall be administered to the child at a public school in the county of residence.
 Determination of acceptable progress shall be based on current guidelines of the state testing
 program;

(iii) A portfolio of samples of the child's work is reviewed by a certified teacher who determines whether the child's academic progress for the year is in accordance with the child's abilities. The teacher shall provide a written narrative about the child's progress in the areas of reading, language <u>arts</u>, mathematics, science, and social studies and shall note any areas which, in the professional opinion of the reviewer, show need for improvement or remediation. If the narrative indicates that the child's academic progress for the year is in accordance with the child's abilities, the child is considered to have made acceptable progress; or

(iv) The child completes an alternative academic assessment of proficiency that is mutually
 agreed upon by the parent or legal guardian and the county state superintendent.

117 (D) (E) A parent or legal guardian shall maintain copies of each student's Academic 118 Assessment for three years. When the annual assessment fails to show acceptable progress, the 119 person or persons providing home instruction shall initiate a remedial program to foster acceptable 120 progress. The county state board upon request shall notify the parents or legal guardian of the 121 child, in writing, of the services available to assist in the assessment of the child's eligibility for 122 special education services. Identification of a disability does not preclude the continuation of home 123 schooling. In the event that the child does not achieve acceptable progress for a second

124 consecutive year, the person or persons providing instruction shall <u>document</u> submit to the county
 125 superintendent additional evidence that appropriate instruction is being provided.

126 (E) (F) The parent or legal guardian shall submit to the county or state superintendent the 127 results of the academic assessment of the child at grade levels three, five, eight, and 11, as 128 applicable, by June 30 of the year in which the assessment was administered

(3) This subdivision applies to both home instruction exemptions set forth in subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection. The county <u>or state</u> superintendent or a designee shall offer such assistance, including textbooks, other teaching materials and available resources, all subject to availability, as may assist the person or persons providing home instruction. Any child receiving home instruction may upon approval of <u>notice to</u> the county <u>or state</u> board exercise the option to attend any class offered by the county board as the person or persons providing home instruction may consider appropriate subject to normal registration and attendance requirements.

136 (d) A child is exempt from the compulsory school attendance requirement set forth in §18-137 8-1a of this code if the requirements of this subsection, relating to physical or mental incapacity, 138 are met. Physical or mental incapacity consists of incapacity for school attendance and the 139 performance of school work. In all cases of prolonged absence from school due to incapacity of 140 the child to attend, the written statement of a licensed physician or authorized school nurse is 141 required. Incapacity shall be narrowly defined and in any case the provisions of this article may not 142 allow for the exclusion of the mentally, physically, emotionally, or behaviorally handicapped child 143 otherwise entitled to a free appropriate education.

(e) A child is exempt from the compulsory school attendance requirement set forth in §188-1a of this code if conditions rendering school attendance impossible or hazardous to the life,
health, or safety of the child exist.

(f) A child is exempt from the compulsory school attendance requirement set forth in §18-81a of this code upon regular graduation from a standard senior high school or alternate secondary
program completion as determined by the state board.

(g) A child is exempt from the compulsory school attendance requirement set forth in §18-8-1a of this code if the child is granted a work permit pursuant to the subsection. After due investigation the county superintendent may grant work permits to youths under the termination age designated in §18-8-1a of this code, subject to state and federal labor laws and regulations. A work permit may not be granted on behalf of any youth who has not completed the eighth grade of school.

(h) A child is exempt from the compulsory school attendance requirement set forth in §188-1a of this code if a serious illness or death in the immediate family of the child has occurred. It is
expected that the county attendance director will ascertain the facts in all cases of such absences
about which information is inadequate and report the facts to the county superintendent.

160 (i) A child is exempt from the compulsory school attendance requirement set forth in §18-8-161 1a of this code if the requirements of this subsection, relating to destitution in the home, are met. 162 Exemption based on a condition of extreme destitution in the home may be granted only upon the 163 written recommendation of the county attendance director to the county superintendent following 164 careful investigation of the case. A copy of the report confirming the condition and school exemption shall be placed with the county director of public assistance. This enactment 165 contemplates every reasonable effort that may properly be taken on the part of both school and 166 167 public assistance authorities for the relief of home conditions officially recognized as being so 168 destitute as to deprive children of the privilege of school attendance. Exemption for this cause is 169 not allowed when the destitution is relieved through public or private means.

(j) A child is exempt from the compulsory school attendance requirement set forth in §18-8-1a of this code if the requirements of this subsection, relating to church ordinances and observances of regular church ordinances, are met. The county board may approve exemption for religious instruction upon written request of the person having legal or actual charge of a child or children. This exemption is subject to the rules prescribed by the county superintendent and approved by the county board.

(k) A child is exempt from the compulsory school attendance requirement set forth in §188-1a of this code if the requirements of this subsection, relating to alternative private, parochial,
church, or religious school instruction, are met. Exemption shall be made for any child attending
any private school, parochial school, church school, school operated by a religious order, or other
nonpublic school which elects to comply with the provisions of §18-28-1 *et seq.* of this code.

(I) Completion of the eighth grade does not exempt any child under the termination age
designated in §18-8-1a of this code from the compulsory attendance provision of this article.

(m) A child is exempt from the compulsory school attendance requirements set forth in §18-8-1a of this code if the child is an eligible recipient participating in the Hope Scholarship Program, as provided for in §18-31-1 *et seq*. of this code and provides a notice of intent to participate in the Hope Scholarship Program to the county <u>state</u> superintendent. The county <u>state</u> superintendent shall enter the following into the West Virginia Education Information System (WVEIS):

(1) The filing of the notice of intent pursuant to this subsection; submitted according to §18-
 <u>8-1(c)(2)(B)</u>

(2) In the case of a Hope Scholarship recipient who chooses an individualized instructional
program, annually, the child's test results or determination that a student is making academic
progress commensurate with his or her age and ability, as applicable, pursuant to §18-31-8(a)(4)
of this code; and

(3) In the case of an eligible recipient enrolling in a participating school, annually, the filing
of a notice of enrollment pursuant to §18-31-11(a)(6) of this code.

(n) A child is exempt from the compulsory school attendance requirement set forth in §188-1a of this code if the child participates in a learning pod or microschool pursuant to this
subsection.

200 (1) For the purposes of this subsection:

201 (A) "Learning pod" means a voluntary association of parents choosing to group their

202 children together to participate in their elementary or secondary academic studies as an 203 alternative to enrolling in a public school, private school, homeschool, or microschool, including 204 participation in an activity or service provided to the children in exchange for payment; and

(B) "Microschool" means a school initiated by one or more teachers or an entity created to
operate a school that charges tuition for the students who enroll and is an alternative to enrolling in
a public school, private school a school covered under exemptions (b) or (k) of this section,
homeschool, or learning pod.

209 (2) Upon beginning participation in a learning pod or microschool pursuant to this 210 subsection, the parent or legal guardian of the child participating shall present to the county state 211 superintendent or county state board a notice of intent to participate in a learning pod or 212 microschool that includes the name, address, and age of any child of compulsory school age 213 participating; the name, address, and contact information of the microschool or learning pod; and 214 assurance that the child shall receive instruction in reading, language arts, mathematics, science, 215 and social studies, and that the child shall be assessed annually in accordance with this 216 subsection. The person providing instruction shall notify the county state superintendent upon 217 termination of participation in a learning pod or microschool for a child who is of compulsory 218 attendance age. Upon establishing residence in a new county, the person providing instruction 219 shall notify the previous county state superintendent and submit a new notice of intent to the 220 superintendent of the new county of residence: Provided, That if a child is enrolled in a public 221 school, notice of intent to participate in a learning pod or microschool shall be given on or before 222 the date participation is to begin.

(A) NOI and all required paperwork or forms may be submitted according to §18-8 1(c)(2)(B).

(B) Upon receiving an NOI indicating that a child is participating in a learning pod or
 microschool, the state superintendent or state board must notify the learning pod or microschool
 listed on the NOI that a student has declared enrollment in their program.

(3) The person or persons providing instruction shall submit satisfactory evidence of a high
school diploma or equivalent, or a post-secondary degree or certificate from a regionally
accredited institution, or from an institution of higher education that has been authorized to confer
a post-secondary degree or certificate in West Virginia by the West Virginia Council for Community
and Technical College Education or by the West Virginia Higher Education Policy Commission.

(4) Annually, the person or persons providing instruction shall obtain an academicassessment of the child for the previous school year in one of the following ways:

235 (A) The child participating in a learning pod or microschool takes a nationally normed 236 standardized achievement test published or normed not more than 10 years from the date of 237 administration and administered under the conditions as set forth by the published instructions of 238 the selected test and by a person qualified in accordance with the test's published guidelines. in 239 the subjects of reading, language, mathematics, science, and social studies The child is 240 considered to have made acceptable progress when the mean of the child's test results in the 241 required subject areas for any single year is within or above the fourth stanine or, if below the 242 fourth stanine, shows improvement from the previous year's results;

(B) The child participates in the testing program currently in use in the state's public
schools. The test shall be administered to the child at a public school in the county of residence.
Determination of acceptable progress shall be based on current guidelines of the state testing
program;

(C) A portfolio of samples of the child's work is reviewed by a certified teacher who determines whether the child's academic progress for the year is in accordance with the child's abilities. The teacher shall provide a written narrative about the child's progress in the areas of reading, language, mathematics, science, and social studies and shall note any areas which, in the professional opinion of the reviewer, show need for improvement or remediation. If the narrative indicates that the child's academic progress for the year is in accordance with the child's abilities, the child is considered to have made acceptable progress; or

(D) The child completes an alternative academic assessment of proficiency that is mutually
 agreed upon by the parent or legal guardian and the county state superintendent.

256 (5) A parent or legal guardian, learning pod, or microschool shall maintain copies of each 257 student's Academic Assessment for three years. When the annual assessment fails to show 258 acceptable progress, the person or persons providing instruction shall initiate a remedial program 259 to foster acceptable progress. The county state board upon request shall notify the parents, or 260 legal guardian, learning pod, or microschool of the child, in writing, of the services available to 261 assist in the assessment of the child's eligibility for special education services. Identification of a 262 disability does not preclude the continuation of participation in a learning pod or microschool. In 263 the event that the child does not achieve acceptable progress for a second consecutive year, the 264 person or persons providing instruction shall document submit to the county superintendent 265 additional evidence that appropriate instruction is being provided.

(6) The parent, legal guardian, learning pod, or microschool shall submit to the county superintendent the results of the academic assessment of the child with the same frequency prescribed in \$18-8-1(c)(2)(F)(E) of this code: *Provided*, That instead of the academic assessment results being submitted individually, the learning pod or microschool may submit the school composite results.

(7) The <u>county or state</u> superintendent or a designee shall offer such assistance, including textbooks, other teaching materials and available resources, all subject to availability, as may assist the person or persons providing instruction. Any child participating in a learning pod or microschool may upon approval of <u>notice to</u> the county <u>or state</u> board exercise the option to attend any class offered by the county board as the person or persons providing instruction may consider appropriate subject to normal registration and attendance requirements.

(8)_No learning pod or microschool which meets the requirements of this subsection is
 subject to any other provision of law relating to education: *Provided*, That any learning pod or
 microschool which has a student requiring special education instruction must comply with the

- provisions of §18-20-11 of this code, including, but not limited to, placement of video cameras for
- 281 the protection of that exceptional student-
- 282 (9) Making learning pods and microschools subject to the home instruction provisions and
- requirements does not make learning pods and microschools the same as homeschooling.

NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to remove requirements to submit certain evidence on behalf of home-schooled children. It also deals with compulsory school attendance.

Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from a heading or the present law and underscoring indicates new language that would be added.